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CLASSIFICATION

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COUNTRY Germany (Soviet Zone)

REPORT NO. [REDACTED]

TOPIC Military Information from Potsdam

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EVALUATION [REDACTED]

PLACE OBTAINED [REDACTED]

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DATE OF CONTENT 29 November to 12 December 1950

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DATE OBTAINED [REDACTED]

DATE PREPARED 17 January 1951

REFERENCES [REDACTED]

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PAGES 8 ENCLOSURES (NO. & TYPE) 1 - SKETCH ON HYDRO

REMARKS [REDACTED]

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The installation quartered 150 troops wearing red-bordered black caps and 80 signal troopers wearing black caps.

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about 200 officers received daily instruction in the converted lecture rooms in the northeastern section of the billeting area at 10-12 Jaeger Allee from 4:30 to 11 p.m. (2)

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2. [REDACTED] Colonel [REDACTED] (TND) was the ranking officer in the installation.

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3. [REDACTED] The 3d Garde-Wilhelm Kaserne quartered 150 housemaster personnel on 4 December. The troops were exclusively assigned to guard duty. The installation also housed a veterinary hospital and a motor vehicle repair shop. (3)

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4. Between 4 and 9 December, the Delius Kaserne still quartered an artillery unit. From 9:20 to 11:30 a.m. on 4 December, 150 recruits were trained by 40 instructors on eight 122-mm guns and four 152-mm guns, while the trained personnel cleaned vehicles and artillery pieces. From 1 to 3 p.m., the recruits received individual infantry drill with rifles and submachine guns. From 3 to 5 p.m. was meal time, and from 5 to 7 p.m. classes were held for all soldiers. The same daily routine was observed from 5 to 9 December. At 9:40 a.m. on 5 December, nine officers and 40 TM with baggage assembled in front of the headquarters building.

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[REDACTED] The TM were promoted to the rank of sergeant and that the officers were enlisted men who had recently been commissioned.

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Auth: [REDACTED]

Date: 12 JUL 1978

By: [REDACTED]

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[redacted] eight 122-mm guns left the installation and eight new guns returned during the night of 5 December. The following morning [redacted] packing material at the ordnance shops which was not there the preceding evening. [redacted] the guns [redacted] had been replaced. (3)

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5. On 8 December, a total of about 40 senior lieutenants and captains were observed in front of the Kriegsschule, with their baggage. [redacted] the officers allegedly returned to the U.S.S.R., having served as instructors at the Kriegsschule. [redacted] the officer candidate schools would be reduced in size in the spring of 1951 and that the officer candidates would be trained in the U.S.S.R. in the future. (4)

6. On 12 December, it was learned that the Garde du Corps Kaserne was used primarily for storing motor vehicles, chiefly passenger cars. The garages were not occupied to capacity, however. The drivers were accommodated in the main building of the installation on Stalinallee, which had a capacity of about 150 men. About half of the windows of the building were lighted at dusk. Gate guards wore red-bordered black ensulets.

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[redacted] Comments.

- (1) The former Unteroffizierschule on the east side of Jaegerallee, called Gardejaeger-Battillon Kaserne prior to 1918 and subsequently also Infanterie Kaserne, was reported [redacted] to have been occupied by not less than one company on 1 November and [redacted] to have been occupied by about 500 troops on 31 October 1950. [redacted] The night course for officers in this installation was reported for the first time. [redacted] officer training courses were held in the Adolf Hitler Kaserne and in the former Kriegsschule. [redacted] The information on officer training courses in the Adolf Hitler Kaserne and the Kriegsschule was substantiated [redacted]

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The original report indicates that the participants in the night courses at the Unteroffizierschule were possibly from Jochenitz.

- (2) [redacted] the installation as the 3d Garde-Flanzen Kaserne in previous reports. [redacted] Other

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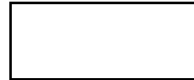
[redacted] only a Garde-Flanzen Kaserne. There are two Garde-Flanzen Kasernes in Potsdam, namely the installation of the former German 1st Garde-Flanzen Regiment on the south side of Pappelallee, east of Ruinenberg, and therefore also called Ruinenberg Kaserne; and the installation of the former German 3d Garde-Flanzen Regiment on the south side of Jaegerallee, which is also referred to as the Polizei Kaserne. Since the two installations are usually called only Garde-Flanzen Kaserne by local residents [redacted] it is often impossible to determine the installation referred to in reports. [redacted] the Ruinenberg Kaserne (the former Garde-Flanzen Kaserne) had been completely destroyed. [redacted] No other [redacted] confirmed this statement,

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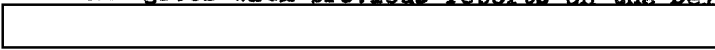

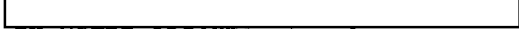
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- (3) The information agrees with previous reports on the Delius Kaserne  25X1
- (4) The information confirms the officer training courses in the Kriegsschule. The statement that the officer candidate schools in Germany were to be reduced in size and that officer candidates would be trained in the USSR requires clarification and confirmation. 25X1
- (5) The information confirms a report of 16 September  25X1
 For a sketch of the Grade
au Corps Kaserne, see Annex.

1 Annex: Sketch on ditto

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